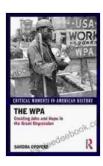
Creating Jobs and Hope in the Great Depression: Critical Moments in American History

The Great Depression was one of the most challenging times in American history. Millions of people lost their jobs, homes, and savings. The government tried a variety of programs to help people, but nothing seemed to work. Finally, in 1933, Franklin D. Roosevelt was elected president. He promised a New Deal for the American people, and he began a series of programs that helped to create jobs and hope.



The WPA: Creating Jobs and Hope in the Great Depression (Critical Moments in American History)

by Sandra Opdycke

★★★★★ 5 out of 5
Language : English
File size : 2528 KB
Text-to-Speech : Enabled
Screen Reader : Supported
Enhanced typesetting : Enabled
Word Wise : Enabled
Print length : 264 pages



The New Deal

The New Deal was a series of programs that were designed to help the American people recover from the Great Depression. These programs included:

- The Works Progress Administration (WPA)
- The Social Security Act
- The Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC)
- The National Recovery Administration (NRA)
- The Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA)

These programs helped to create jobs, provide relief to the poor and unemployed, and stimulate the economy. The New Deal was a major turning point in American history, and it helped to lay the foundation for the country's recovery from the Great Depression.

The Works Progress Administration (WPA)

The WPA was one of the most important New Deal programs. It was created in 1935 and provided jobs for millions of unemployed Americans. The WPA built schools, hospitals, roads, and bridges. It also funded art projects, such as murals and sculptures. The WPA helped to put people back to work and improve the nation's infrastructure.



The Social Security Act

The Social Security Act was another important New Deal program. It was passed in 1935 and created a system of old-age insurance for Americans. This program helped to provide financial security for millions of Americans who were facing retirement. The Social Security Act also established a system of unemployment insurance and aid to families with children. These programs helped to reduce poverty and improve the lives of millions of Americans.



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The Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC)

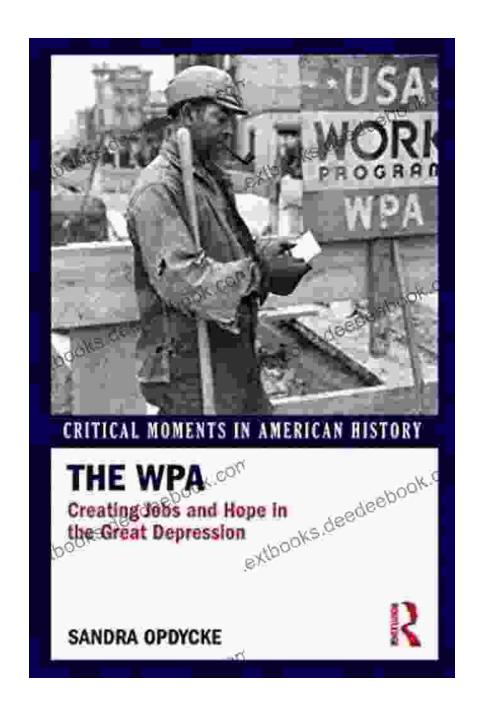
The CCC was a program that provided jobs for young men during the Great Depression. It was created in 1933 and employed over 3 million young

men. The CCC workers planted trees, built dams, and fought forest fires. They also helped to improve national parks and forests. The CCC helped to put young men back to work and improve the environment.



The National Recovery Administration (NRA)

The NRA was a program that was designed to regulate the economy and promote fair competition. It was created in 1933 and established codes of fair competition for different industries. The NRA also helped to set minimum wages and maximum hours for workers. The NRA was controversial, but it helped to stabilize the economy and reduce unemployment.

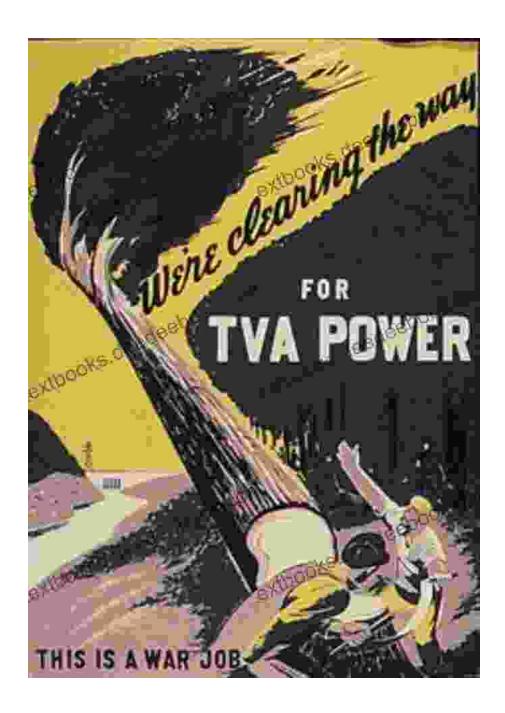


The NRA logo.

The Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA)

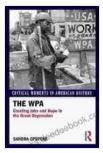
The TVA was a program that was designed to improve the economy of the Tennessee Valley region. It was created in 1933 and built dams, power plants, and flood control projects. The TVA also helped to promote

economic development in the region. The TVA was a success, and it helped to improve the lives of millions of Americans.



The Great Depression was a challenging time for the United States, but it also led to significant changes in the country's social and economic policies. The New Deal programs helped to create jobs, provide relief to the poor and unemployed, and stimulate the economy. These programs helped

to lay the foundation for the country's recovery from the Great Depression and helped to improve the lives of millions of Americans.



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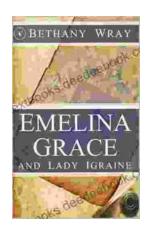
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